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GOVERNMENT OF PUERTO RICO PUERTO RICO PUBLIC SERVICE REGULATORY BOARD PUERTO RICO ENERGY BUREAU

IN RE: REVIEW OF THE PUERTO
RICO ELECTRIC POWER
AUTHORITY'S 10 YEAR
INFRASTRUCTURE PLAN-DECEMBER
2020

CASE NO. NEPR-MI-2021-0002

SUBJECT: Memorandum of Law in Support of Request for Confidential Treatment

MEMORANDUM OF LAW IN SUPPORT OF CONFIDENTIAL TREATMENT OF FEMA APPROVALS SUBMITTED BY LUMA ON ITS JUNE 18, 2022, MOTION

TO THE HONORABLE PUERTO RICO ENERGY BUREAU:

COME NOW LUMA Energy, LLC ("ManagementCo"), and LUMA Energy ServCo, LLC ("ServCo"), (jointly "LUMA"), and respectfully state and request the following:

I. Introduction

On June 18, 2022, LUMA filed a motion submitting as an exhibit a redacted public version of (1) FEMA Approval of the "FAASt-Substation 3801 Culebra (Substation)"; (2) FEMA Approval of the "FAASt-Substation 2501 Vieques (Substation)"; (3) FEMA Approval of "FAASt [Distribution Feeders-Caguas Short Term Group 8] (Distribution)"; and (4) "FAASt [Equipment and Materials]" (jointly "FEMA Approvals"). LUMA made this filling in compliance with the Energy Bureau's Resolutions and Orders issued on June 8, 2021 and August 20, 2021. In its motion, LUMA submitted a public version of the FEMA Approvals to protect the documents' confidential information associated with Critical Energy Infrastructure Information ("CEII"). LUMA also announced that it intended to submit within ten (10) days to the Energy Bureau unredacted versions of the FEMA Approvals under the seal of confidentiality.

As stated in its June 18, 2022, motion, LUMA submits this Memorandum of Law. The purpose of this Memorandum of Law is to state the legal basis for which LUMA is entitled to file the FEMA Approvals under seal of confidentiality. As explained below, the Energy Bureau should protect the FEMA Approvals from public disclosure as they contain CEII as defined in federal regulations and the Energy Bureau's Policy on Management of Confidential Information. *See* 18 C.F.R. § 388.113; 6 U.S.C. §§ 671-674; Energy Bureau's Policy on Management of Confidential Information, CEPR-MI-2016-0009 ("Policy on Management of Confidential Information"), issued on August 31, 2016, as amended by the Resolution dated September 16, 2016.

II. Applicable Laws and Regulation to Submit Information Confidentially Before the Bureau.

The bedrock provision on the management of confidential information filed before this Energy Bureau is Section 6.15 of Act 57-2014, known as the "Puerto Rico Energy Transformation and Relief Act." It provides, in pertinent part, that: "[i]f any person who is required to submit information to the Energy Commission believes that the information to be submitted has any confidentiality privilege, such person may request the Commission to treat such information as such" 22 LPRA § 1054n. If after appropriate evaluation the Energy Bureau determines that the information should be protected, "it shall grant such protection in a manner that least affects the public interest, transparency, and the rights of the parties involved in the administrative procedure in which the allegedly confidential document is submitted." *Id.* § 1054n(a).

Access to the confidential information shall be provided "only to the lawyers and external consultants involved in the administrative process after the execution of a confidentiality agreement." *Id.* § 1054n(b). Finally, Act 57-2014 provides that this Energy Bureau "shall keep the documents submitted for its consideration out of public reach only in exceptional cases. In these cases, the information shall be duly safeguarded and delivered exclusively to the personnel

of the [Energy Bureau] who needs to know such information under nondisclosure agreements. However, the [Energy Bureau] shall direct that a nonconfidential copy be furnished for public review." *Id.* § 1054n(c).

Relatedly, in connection with the duties of electric power service companies, Section 1.10 (i) of Act 17-2019 provides that electric power service companies shall provide the information requested by customers, except for confidential information under the Rules of Evidence of Puerto Rico.

Moreover, the Energy Bureau's Policy on Confidential Information details the procedures a party should follow to request that a document or portion thereof be afforded confidential treatment. In essence, the referenced Policy requires identifying confidential information and filing a memorandum of law explaining the legal basis and support for a request to file information confidentially. *See* CEPR-MI-2016-0009, Section A, as amended by the Resolution of September 20, 2016, CEPR-MI-2016-0009. The memorandum should also include a table that identifies the confidential information, a summary of the legal basis for the confidential designation, and why each claim or designation conforms to the applicable legal basis of confidentiality. *Id.* at \$\mathbb{P}\$ 3. The party who seeks confidential treatment of information filed with the Energy Bureau must also file both "redacted" or "public version" and an "unredacted" or "confidential" version of the document that contains confidential information. *Id.* at \$\mathbb{P}\$ 6.

The previous Energy Bureau policy on the management of confidential information in procedures states the following with regards to access to validated Trade Secret Information and CEII:

1. Trade Secret Information

Any document designated by the [Energy Bureau] as Validated Confidential Information because it is a trade secret under Act 80-

2011 may only be accessed by the Producing Party and the [Energy Bureau], unless otherwise set forth by the [Energy Bureau] or any competent court.

2. Critical Energy Infrastructure Information ("CEII")

The information designated by the [Energy Bureau] as Validated Confidential Information on the grounds of being CEII may be accessed by the parties' authorized representatives only after they have executed and delivered the Nondisclosure Agreement.

Those authorized representatives who have signed the Non-Disclosure Agreement may only review the documents validated as CEII at the [Energy Bureau] or the Producing Party's offices. During the review, the authorized representatives may not copy or disseminate the reviewed information and may bring no recording device to the viewing room.

Id. at § D (on Access to Validated Confidential Information).

Further on, Energy Bureau Regulation No. 8543, Regulation on Adjudicative, Notice of Noncompliance, Rate Review, and Investigation Proceedings, includes a provision for filing confidential information in proceedings before this Energy Bureau. To wit, Section 1.15 provides that:

[A] person has the duty to disclose information to the [Energy Bureau] considered to be privileged pursuant to the Rules of Evidence, said person shall identify the allegedly privileged information, request the [Energy Bureau] the protection of said information, and provide supportive arguments, in writing, for a claim of information of privileged nature. The [Energy Bureau] shall evaluate the petition and, if it understands [that] the material merits protection, proceed accordingly to . . . Article 6.15 of Act No. 57-2015, as amended.

Regulation No. 8543, Regulation on Adjudicative, Notice of Noncompliance, Rate Review, and Investigation Proceedings § 1.15; see also Energy Bureau Regulation No. 9137 on Performance

Incentive Mechanisms § 1.13 (addressing disclosure before the Energy Bureau of Confidential Information and directing compliance with Resolution CEPR-MI-2016-0009).

III. Request for Confidentiality

The FEMA Approvals filed with this Memorandum of Law contain portions of CEII that, under relevant federal law and regulations, are protected from public disclosure. LUMA stresses that the FEMA Approvals warrant confidential treatment to protect critical infrastructure from threats that could undermine the system and negatively affect electric power services to the detriment of the interests of the public, customers, and citizens of Puerto Rico. In several proceedings, this Energy Bureau has considered and granted requests by PREPA to submit CEII under seal of confidentiality. For example, in at least two proceedings on Data Security, and Physical Security, this Energy Bureau, *sua sponte*, conducted proceedings confidentially, recognizing the need to protect CEII from public disclosure.

Additionally, this Energy Bureau has granted requests by LUMA to protect CEII in connection with LUMA's System Operation Principles. *See* Resolution and Order of May 3, 2021, table 2 on page 4, Case No. NEPR-MI-2021-0001 (granting protection to CEII included in LUMA's Responses to Requests for Information). Similarly, this Energy Bureau granted

¹ See e.g., In re Review of LUMA's System Operation Principles, NEPR-MI-2021-0001 (Resolution and Order of May 3, 2021); In re Review of the Puerto Rico Power Authority's System Remediation Plan, NEPR-MI-2020-0019 (order of April 23, 2021); In re Review of LUMA's Initial Budgets, NEPR-MI-2021-0004 (order of April 21, 2021); In re Implementation of Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority Integrated Resource Plan and Modified Action Plan, NEPR MI 2020-0012 (Resolution of January 7, 2021, granting partial confidential designation of information submitted by PREPA as CEII); In re Optimization Proceeding of Minigrid Transmission and Distribution Investments, NEPR-MI 2020-0016 (where PREPA filed documents under the seal of confidentiality invoking, among others, that a filing included confidential information and CEII); In re Review of the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority Integrated Resource Plan, CEPR-AP-2018-0001 (Resolution and Order of July 3, 2019, granting confidential designation and PREPA's request that included trade secrets and CEII); but see Resolution and Order of February 12, 2021 (reversing in part, grant of confidential designation).

² In re Review of the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority Data Security Plan, NEPR-MI-2020-0017.

³ In re Review of the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority Physical Security Plan, NEPR-MI-2020-0018.

confidential designation to several portions of LUMA's Initial Budgets and Responses to Requests for Information in the proceedings on LUMA's proposed Initial Budgets and System Remediation Plan.⁴

As mentioned above, the Energy Bureau's Policy on Confidential Information provides for the management of CEII. It directs that the parties' authorized representatives shall access information validated as CEII only after executing and delivering a Non-Disclosure Agreement.

Generally, CEII or critical infrastructure information is exempted from public disclosure because it involves assets and information which pose public security, economic, health, and safety risks. Federal Regulations on CEII, particularly 18 C.F.R. § 388.113, states that:

Critical energy infrastructure information means specific engineering, vulnerability, or detailed design information about proposed or existing critical infrastructure that:

- (i) Relates details about the production, generation, transportation, transmission, or distribution of energy;
- (ii) Could be useful to a person in planning an attack on critical infrastructure;
- (iii) Is exempt from mandatory disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. 552; and
- (iv) Does not simply give the general location of the critical infrastructure.

Id.

Additionally, "[c]ritical electric infrastructure means a system or asset of the bulk-power system, whether physical or virtual, the incapacity or destruction of which would negatively affect national security, economic security, public health or safety, or any combination of such matters." *Id.* Finally, "[c]ritical infrastructure means existing and proposed systems and assets, whether

⁴ See Resolution and Order of April 22, 2021, on Initial Budgets, table 2 on pages 3-4 and Resolution and Order of April 22, 2021, on Responses to Requests for Information, table 2 at pages 8-10, Case No. NEPR-MI-2021-0004; Resolution and Order of April 23, 2021, on Confidential Designation of Portions of LUMA's System Remediation Plan, table 2 on page 5, and Resolution and Order of May 6, 2021, on Confidential Designation of Portions of LUMA's Responses to Requests for Information on System Remediation Plan, table 2 at pages 7-9, Case No. NEPR-MI-2020-0019.

physical or virtual, the incapacity or destruction of which would negatively affect security, economic security, public health or safety, or any combination of those matters." *Id*.

The Critical Infrastructure Information Act of 2002, 6 U.S.C. §§ 671-674, part of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, protects critical infrastructure information ("CII").⁵ CII is defined as "information not customarily in the public domain and related to the security of critical infrastructure or protected systems" 6 U.S.C. § 671(3).⁶

(A) actual, potential, or threatened interference with, attack on, compromise of, or incapacitation of critical infrastructure or protected systems by either physical or computer-based attack or other similar conduct (including the misuse of or unauthorized access to all types of communications and data transmission systems) that violates Federal, State, or local law, harms interstate commerce of the United States, or threatens public health or safety;

⁵ Regarding the protection of voluntary disclosures of critical infrastructure information, 6 U.S.C. § 673, provides in pertinent part that CII:

⁽A) shall be exempt from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act;

⁽B) shall not be subject to any agency rules or judicial doctrine regarding ex parte communications with a decision making official;

⁽C) shall not, without the written consent of the person or entity submitting such information, be used directly by such agency, any other Federal, State, or local authority, or any third party, in any civil action arising under Federal or State law if such information is submitted in good faith;

⁽D) shall not, without the written consent of the person or entity submitting such information, be used or disclosed by any officer or employee of the United States for purposes other than the purposes of this part, except—

⁽i) in furtherance of an investigation or the prosecution of a criminal act; or

⁽ii) when disclosure of the information would be--

⁽I) to either House of Congress, or to the extent of matter within its jurisdiction, any committee or subcommittee thereof, any joint committee thereof or subcommittee of any such joint committee; or

⁽II) to the Comptroller General, or any authorized representative of the Comptroller General, in the course of the performance of the duties of the Government Accountability Office

⁽E) shall not, be provided to a State or local government or government agency; of information or records;

⁽i) be made available pursuant to any State or local law requiring disclosure of information or records;

⁽ii)otherwise be disclosed or distributed to any party by said State or local government or government agency without the written consent of the person or entity submitting such information; or

⁽iii)be used other than for the purpose of protecting critical Infrastructure or protected systems, or in furtherance of an investigation or the prosecution of a criminal act.

⁽F) does not constitute a waiver of any applicable privilege or protection provided under law, such as trade secret protection.

⁶ CII includes the following types of information:

The FEMA Approvals qualify as CEII because they contain the <u>express</u> coordinates to power generation, transmission, and distribution facilities. 18 C.F.R. § 388.113(iv). Moreover, these specific coordinates could potentially be helpful to a person planning an attack on the energy facilities listed as part of the FEMA Approvals.

LUMA submits that the FEMA Approvals filed along with this Memorandum of Law should be designated as CEII. This designation is a reasonable and necessary measure to protect the specific locations of the energy facilities listed in the FEMA Approvals. Given the importance of ensuring the safe and efficient operation of the generation assets and the T&D System, LUMA respectfully submits that these materials constitute CEII that should be maintained confidentially to safeguard their integrity and protect them from external threats.

IV. Identification of Confidential Information.

In compliance with the Energy Bureau's Policy on Management of Confidential Information, CEPR-MI-2016-0009, below is a table summarizing the hallmarks of this request for confidential treatment.

	Document or file	Pages in which Confidential Information is Found, if applicable	Summary of Legal Basis for Confidentiality Protection, if applicable	Date Filed
1	FEMA Approval of the FAASt- Substation 3801 Culebra (Substation).	1-3, 9.	Critical Energy Infrastructure Information 18 C.F.R. § 388.113; 6 U.S.C. §§ 671- 674.	June 18, 2022

⁽B) the ability of any critical infrastructure or protected system to resist such interference, compromise, or incapacitation, including any planned or past assessment, projection, or estimate of the vulnerability of critical infrastructure or a protected system, including security testing, risk evaluation thereto, risk management planning, or risk audit; or

⁽C) any planned or past operational problem or solution regarding critical infrastructure or protected systems, including repair, recovery, construction, insurance, or continuity, to the extent it is related to such interference, compromise, or incapacitation.

	Document or file	Pages in which Confidential Information is Found, if applicable	Summary of Legal Basis for Confidentiality Protection, if applicable	Date Filed
2	FEMA Approval of the FAASt- Substation 2501 Vieques (Substation)	1-3, 8.	Critical Energy Infrastructure Information 18 C.F.R. § 388.113; 6 U.S.C. §§ 671- 674.	June 18, 2022
3	FEMA Approval of FAASt [Distribution Feeders- Caguas Short Term Group 8] (Distribution)	1-2, 4, 7, 12-13.	Critical Energy Infrastructure Information 18 C.F.R. § 388.113; 6 U.S.C. §§ 671- 674.	June 18, 2022
4	FAASt [Equipment and Materials]	1, 7.	Critical Energy Infrastructure Information 18 C.F.R. § 388.113; 6 U.S.C. §§ 671- 674.	June 18, 2022

WHEREFORE, LUMA respectfully requests that the Energy Bureau **grants** this request to keep the FEMA Approvals confidential as discussed above.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED.

We hereby certify that we filed this Motion using the electronic filing system of this Energy Bureau and that we will send an electronic copy of this Motion to attorneys for PREPA, Katiuska Bolaños-Lugo, kbolanos@diazvaz.law, and Joannely Marrero-Cruz, jmarrero@diazvaz.law.

In San Juan, Puerto Rico, this 28th day of June 2022.



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